

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2024

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education
Excelsior District #1
Excelsior Township, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Excelsior District #1 (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, on pages 4-9 and 39-44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 20, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

UHY LLP

Cadillac, Michigan
August 20, 2024

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

This section of Excelsior District #1 (“the District”) annual report presents our discussion and analysis of the District’s financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District’s financial statements, which immediately follows this section.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District’s basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of the following three components: 1) the government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements provide short-term and long-term financial information about the District’s overall financial status. These statements are required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as described in the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The district-wide financial statements are compiled using full accrual basis of accounting and more closely represent financial statements presented by business and industry. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District’s assets and liabilities. All of the year’s revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District’s net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District’s assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District’s financial health or position.

Over time, increases and decreases in the District’s net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District’s property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District’s activities are all shown in one category titled “Governmental Activities”. These activities are primarily financed with state and federal aids and property taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District’s funds, focusing on its most significant or “major” funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called “non-major” funds.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District’s basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District’s programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the governmental-wide statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-38 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the net position at fiscal year ended June 30.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Assets		
Current & Net OPEB Asset	\$ 692,118	\$ 654,983
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	152,308	171,765
Total Assets	<u>844,426</u>	<u>826,748</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>255,766</u>	<u>370,392</u>
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	112,467	98,290
Long-Term Liabilities	623,338	916,214
Total Liabilities	<u>735,805</u>	<u>1,014,504</u>
Deferred Inflow of Resources	<u>297,184</u>	<u>174,126</u>
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	152,308	171,765
Restricted for Net Other Postemployment Benefits	9,698	0
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(94,803)</u>	<u>(163,255)</u>
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$ 67,203</u>	<u>\$ 8,510</u>

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Analysis of Financial Position

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District's net position increased by \$58,693. A few of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year are discussed below:

1. Depreciation Expense

GASB 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and the accumulation of depreciation expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net position.

Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation expense is calculated based on the original cost of the asset less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$28,839 was recorded for depreciation expense.

2. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Expense

GASB 68 and 75 now requires the District to account for its payments to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System in a manner that has a significant effect on the District's change in net position. Based on various factors, the District may report an increase or decrease in net position depending on whether the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and OPEB liability/asset increase or decrease in any given year.

3. Capital Outlay Acquisitions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$9,382 of expenditures were capitalized and recorded as assets of the District.

The net effect of the new capital assets and the current year's depreciation is a decrease to capital assets in the amount of \$19,457 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Change in Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the results of operations, on a district-wide basis, for the fiscal year ended June 30.

	2024	2023
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 211,361	\$ 199,846
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	9,625
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	139,845	134,353
Investment Earnings	14,614	3,490
State Sources	287,585	298,707
Other	3,650	7,792
Total Revenues	<u>657,055</u>	<u>653,813</u>

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023
Expenses		
Instruction	411,404	381,859
Supporting Services	158,119	193,031
Unallocated Depreciation	28,839	21,120
	598,362	596,010
Total Expenses	598,362	596,010
Change in Net Position	\$ 58,693	\$ 57,803

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. The following table shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)
Major Funds			
General Fund	\$ 565,167	\$ 553,854	\$ 11,313
Nonmajor Funds			
Student Activity Fund	4,786	2,839	1,947
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 569,953	\$ 556,693	\$ 13,260

The General Fund fund balance increased \$11,313 primarily due the District receiving more in State revenues due to a large per pupil increase, new categoricals, and being fiscally responsible with spending.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on July 1. Any amendments made to the operating budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the fiscal year on June 30.

For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the District amended the general fund budget throughout the fiscal year. The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget, the final amended general fund budget and actual totals from operations:

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
<u>REVENUES</u>	\$ 580,103	\$ 627,601	\$ 628,497
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Instruction	\$ 402,378	\$ 392,764	\$ 386,023
Supporting Services	261,654	239,427	231,161
Total Expenditures	\$ 664,032	\$ 632,191	\$ 617,184

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The variances between original budget and final budgeted revenues resulted from funding from the state government increasing to \$9,608 per pupil. The variances between original budget and final budgeted expenditures were caused expenditures becoming clearer throughout the year.

Variances between final budgeted expenditures and actual expenditures was minimal.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, amounted to \$152,308 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings and improvements, buses and vehicles and furniture and equipment. This represents a net decrease of \$19,457 from the prior fiscal year. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$28,839 bringing accumulated depreciation to \$247,079 as of June 30, 2024.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year are as follows:

- HP Pro Book totaling \$2,142.
- New water well at a cost of \$2,203.
- New bathroom flooring costing \$5,037.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to this report.

Long-Term Obligations. At year-end, the District had a total net pension liability outstanding of \$623,338.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time that these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The current retirement rate for the next fiscal year is expected to be 48.25%. Although the District will see some cost containment in this area due to reforms, we are concerned about State Aid funding stability since the legislature will be using the State Aid Fund to essentially buy down the retirement rate.
- A major one-time funding source, federal funding from the pandemic recovery efforts, is gone. With this type of funding gone, it is unlikely that the revenue received from these sources will be replaced.
- The District enrollment has a slight decrease in the current period due to students moving out of the district.
- The current labor shortage of educational personnel throughout the state continues to be a concern for the District. The size of the district makes it difficult to compete regionally with talent recruitment and retention.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Cheyenne Dolaskie, LEA Lead Accountant at Northwest Education Services, 1101 Red Drive, Traverse City, MI 49696-6020.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 593,508
Accounts Receivable	218
Due from Other Governmental Units	87,953
Prepaid Expenses	741
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset	9,698
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>152,308</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>844,426</u>

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	203,330
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	<u>52,436</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>255,766</u>

LIABILITIES

Accounts Payable	3,412
Due to Other Governments	35,209
Salaries and Benefits Payable	62,999
Unearned Revenues	10,847
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net Pension Liability	<u>623,338</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>735,805</u>

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	191,063
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	<u>106,121</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>297,184</u>

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets	152,308
Restricted for Net Other Postemployment Benefits	9,698
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(94,803)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit)	<u>\$ 67,203</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES			EXPENSES	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	NET POSITION
<u>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</u>							
Instruction	\$ 411,404	\$ 0	\$ 187,032	\$ 0	\$ (224,372)		
Supporting Services	158,119	0	24,329	0	(133,790)		
Unallocated Depreciation	28,839	0	0	0	(28,839)		
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 598,362	\$ 0	\$ 211,361	\$ 0	(387,001)		
<u>GENERAL REVENUES</u>							
Property Taxes - General Purposes					139,845		
Investment Earnings					14,614		
State Sources					287,585		
Other					3,650		
Total General Revenues					445,694		
Change in Net Position					58,693		
<u>NET POSITION - Beginning of Year</u>						8,510	
<u>NET POSITION - End of Year</u>						\$ 67,203	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2024

		<u>NON-MAJOR</u>	
	<u>GENERAL</u>	<u>STUDENT</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FUND</u>	<u>ACTIVITY</u>	<u>GOVERNMENTAL</u>
		<u>FUND</u>	<u>FUNDS</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 588,722	\$ 4,786	\$ 593,508
Accounts Receivable	218	0	218
Due from Other Governmental Units	87,953	0	87,953
Prepaid Expenditures	741	0	741
	<hr/>		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 677,634	\$ 4,786	\$ 682,420
<hr/>			
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</u>			
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,412	\$ 0	\$ 3,412
Due to Other Governments	35,209	0	35,209
Salaries and Benefits Payable	62,999	0	62,999
Unearned Revenues	10,847	0	10,847
	<hr/>		
Total Liabilities	112,467	0	112,467
<hr/>			
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>			
Committed for Student Activities	0	4,786	4,786
Assigned for Subsequent Year Budget Shortfall	144,338	0	144,338
Unassigned	420,829	0	420,829
	<hr/>		
Total Fund Balances	565,167	4,786	569,953
<hr/>			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 677,634	\$ 4,786	\$ 682,420
	<hr/> <hr/>		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$ 569,953

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.

The cost of the capital assets is	\$ 399,387	
Accumulated depreciation is	<u>(247,079)</u>	152,308

Some assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset		9,698
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Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions		203,330
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		52,436
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions		(191,063)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		(106,121)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.

Net Pension Liability		<u>(623,338)</u>
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NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u><u>\$ 67,203</u></u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	<u>NON-MAJOR</u>		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
	GENERAL FUND	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	
<u>REVENUES</u>			
Local Sources	\$ 158,109	\$ 2,795	\$ 160,904
State Sources	400,018	0	400,018
Federal Sources	70,370	0	70,370
Total Revenues	<u>628,497</u>	<u>2,795</u>	<u>631,292</u>
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Instruction			
Basic Programs	313,610	0	313,610
Added Needs	72,413	0	72,413
Supporting Services			
Instructional Staff	246	0	246
General Administration	69,237	0	69,237
School Administration	12,618	0	12,618
Business	32,303	0	32,303
Operation and Maintenance	61,212	0	61,212
Pupil Transportation Services	52,927	0	52,927
Support Services - Central	2,618	0	2,618
Support Services - Other	0	848	848
Total Expenditures	<u>617,184</u>	<u>848</u>	<u>618,032</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	11,313	1,947	13,260
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> - Beginning of Year	<u>553,854</u>	<u>2,839</u>	<u>556,693</u>
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> - End of Year	<u>\$ 565,167</u>	<u>\$ 4,786</u>	<u>\$ 569,953</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$ 13,260
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Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.

Capital Outlay	9,382
Depreciation Expense	(28,839)

Governmental funds report District pension and other postemployment benefits contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and other postemployment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as expense.

Change in Pension Related Items	6,722
Change in Other Postemployment Benefits Related Items	32,405

Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to Section 147 C pension benefit contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

Change in State Funding Related to Pension Benefits	<u>25,763</u>
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CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u><u>\$ 58,693</u></u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Excelsior District #1 (the “District”) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District’s accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School District (the “District”) is located in Kalkaska County with its administrative offices located in Excelsior Township, Michigan. The District operates under an elected 3-member board of education which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report the information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District does not have any business-type activities or component units.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government’s funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are reported as nonmajor funds. The major individual governmental fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District’s primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

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Non-Major Fund:

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are committed to expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its student activities in the special revenue funds.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term obligations are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue resource (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

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F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds.

The District's approved budgets were adopted at the function level for the General and Special Revenue Funds. These are the legal enacted levels under the State Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act and the level of budgetary control adopted by the Board (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations).

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) In June, the superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted during June to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted by the School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act. The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year, when necessary, to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financial sources will be less than anticipated, or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated.
- d) The superintendent is charged with general supervision of the budgets and shall hold the department heads responsible for performance of their responsibilities.
- e) For purposes of meeting emergency needs of the school district, transfer of appropriations may be made by the authorization of the superintendent. Such transfers of appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education at its next regularly scheduled meeting.
- f) During the year the budgets are monitored and amendments to the budget resolution are made when it is deemed necessary.
- g) Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted in June 2023, or as amended by the School Board of Education throughout the year.

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G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments are carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The District complies with State statutes regarding investment of funds. Some investments authorized by state law are shown as cash on the financial statements.

The Board policy on investment of funds authorizes the School District to invest as follows:

- a) Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States, obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States; or obligations of the State.
- b) Certificates of deposit issued by a state or nationally-chartered bank or a state or Federally-chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office in Michigan under Michigan and Federal laws.
- c) Certificates of deposit of a public corporation(s) (CDs) in insured depository institutions in accordance with the following conditions:
 1. the funds are initially invested through a financial institution that is not ineligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to this State under (M.C.L.A. 21.146 (discriminatory lending practices)
 2. the financial institution arranges for the investment of the funds in certificates of deposit in one (1) or more insured depository institutions, as defined in 12 U.S.C. 1813, or one or more insured credit unions, as defined in 12 U.S.C. 1752, for the account of the school district
 3. the financial institution acting as custodian for the school district is insured by an agency of the United States
 4. the financial institution acts as custodian for the school district with respect to each certificate of deposit
 5. at the same time that the funds are deposited and the certificate or certificates of deposit are issued, the financial institution receives an amount of deposits from customers of other insured depository institutions equal to or greater than the amount of the funds initially invested by the school district through the financial institution

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- d) Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- e) Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States.
- f) United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- g) Bankers' acceptances issued by a bank that is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).
- h) Mutual funds composed entirely of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a school district.
- i) Investment pools, as authorized by the Surplus Funds Investment Pool Act, Act No. 367 of the Public Acts of 1982, being sections 129.111 to 129.118 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

3. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, which are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities' column in the District-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Improvements, Other Than Buildings	20-25
Buses and Vehicles	7-15
Furniture and Equipment	3-20

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5. *Unearned Revenue*

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized. The District has unearned revenue that is related to state grants, with the restriction on how the funds can be spent, being received but as of fiscal year-end have not been spent.

6. *Long-Term Obligations*

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related obligation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. *Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources*

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category related to the pension and other postemployment benefit plans for its employees. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expenses in the plan year in which they apply. Details can be found in footnote 2-E & 2-F.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability/asset and the actual results. Details can be found in footnote 2-E & 2-F.

8. *Defined Benefit Plans*

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

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9. *Net Position Flow Assumption*

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District’s policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

10. *Fund Balance Flow Assumption*

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District’s policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

11. *Fund Balance Policies*

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District’s highest level of decision-making authority. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year’s appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

12. *Use of Estimates*

The process of preparing basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

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H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. State Revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership based on counts taken in October 2023 and February 2023. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the per pupil foundation allowance was \$9,608 for the District.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-homestead property taxes, which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October 2023 to August 2024. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30th is reported as due from other governmental units.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

2. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, state foundation aid, certain revenue from the intermediate school district and other unrestricted items are not included as program revenue but instead as *general revenues*.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. Property taxes are assessed as of January 1. The levy becomes delinquent as of February 14 for all taxpayers. After these dates, unpaid taxes are subject to penalties and interest.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of taxable valuation:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Mills</u>
General Fund - Non-Homestead	18.0000
General Fund - Non-Homestead Commercial PPT	6.0000

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NOTE 2 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits

As of June 30, 2024, the District had deposits subject to the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government’s deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, the District’s bank balance was \$595,101 and \$95,101 of that amount was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying value on the books for deposits at the end of the fiscal year was \$593,508.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District’s cash requirements.

Credit Risk – State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSOs).

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District’s investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Foreign Currency Risk - The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk; therefore, it is not addressed in the investment policy.

B. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables as of year-end consist of the following:

	<u>General</u>
Due from Other Governments	
Federal	\$ 12,921
State	<u>75,032</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 87,953</u></u>

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary based on previous experience.

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C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 233,072	\$ 7,240	\$ 0	\$ 240,312
Furniture and Equipment	101,933	2,142	0	104,075
Buses and Vehicles	55,000	0	0	55,000
Subtotal	390,005	9,382	0	399,387
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings and Improvements	(109,545)	(10,433)	0	(119,978)
Furniture and Equipment	(53,695)	(18,406)	0	(72,101)
Buses and Vehicles	(55,000)	0	0	(55,000)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(218,240)	(28,839)	0	(247,079)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 171,765	\$ (19,457)	\$ 0	\$ 152,308

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Unallocated	<u>\$ 28,839</u>

D. Retirement and Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description – The Michigan Public School Employees’ Retirement System (MPSERS)(System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board’s authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www://michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System’s pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System’s health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees’ Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investments Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System.

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Benefits Provided- Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	<u>Plan Status</u>
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

Benefits Provided – Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

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An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

Option 1 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 3 - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

Final Average Compensation (FAC) - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

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Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018, and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Benefits Provided – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

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Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

Eligibility - A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through their 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

Annual Amount - The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% to 7% for pension and 0% to 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, were determined as of the September 30, 2020, actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2020, are amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022, and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Other Postemployment Benefit</u>
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.23%
October 1, 2022 - September 30, 2023	13.75% - 20.16%	7.21% - 8.07%

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The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$83,800. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$78,300 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$5,500 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Fund.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB benefits were approximately \$18,300. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$15,600 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$2,700 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Fund.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund MPERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

E. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$623,338 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net Pension Liability

	<u>September 30, 2023</u>	<u>September 30, 2022</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 94,947,828,557	\$ 95,876,795,620
Fiduciary Net Position	(62,581,762,238)	(58,268,076,344)
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 32,366,066,319</u>	<u>\$ 37,608,719,276</u>
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	65.91%	60.77%
Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	320.51%	386.25%

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized total pension expense of \$71,340.

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At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,677	\$ 955
Section 147c revenue related to District Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	0	34,203
Changes of assumptions	84,465	48,701
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	12,756
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	20,553	94,448
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	78,894	0
Total	<u>\$ 203,589</u>	<u>\$ 191,063</u>

\$78,894 reported as deferred outflows of resources and \$34,203 reported as deferred inflows or resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended September 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2024	\$ 1,503
2025	(13,169)
2026	289
2027	(20,788)
	<u>\$ (32,165)</u>

F. OPEB Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Asset

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$9,698 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset

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was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

	<u>September 30, 2023</u>	<u>September 30, 2022</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 11,223,648,949	\$ 12,522,713,324
Fiduciary Net Position	(11,789,347,341)	(10,404,650,683)
Net OPEB Liability/Asset	<u>\$ (565,698,392)</u>	<u>\$ 2,118,062,641</u>
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability/Asset	105.04%	83.09%
Net OPEB Liability/Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-5.60%	21.75%

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized total OPEB benefit of \$16,497.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 0	\$ 73,214
Changes of assumptions	21,569	2,597
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	30	0
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	15,054	30,310
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	15,524	0
Total	<u>\$ 52,177</u>	<u>\$ 106,121</u>

\$15,524 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the subsequent fiscal year.

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Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended September 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2024	\$ (17,017)
2025	(18,185)
2026	(9,498)
2027	(11,977)
2028	(8,691)
Thereafter	(4,100)
	\$ (69,468)

G. Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return for Pension – 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, Pension Plus Plan, and Pension Plus 2 Plan groups.

Investment rate of return for OPEB – 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation – 3.0%

Mortality assumptions –

Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and MP-202 and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Disabled Retirees: PubNS-2010 Male and Female Disabled Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Experience study - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2022. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2023, Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments - The pension rate was 6.00% (MIP, Basic, Pension Plus Plan, and Pension Plus 2 Plan), and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

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Cost of Living Pension Adjustments – 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit – Pre 65, 7.50% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption – 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008, and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008, are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage – 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees electing two-person coverage are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree’s death.

Coverage Election at Retirement – 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees who elected coverage are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2023 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Investment Category</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *</u>
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.80%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	9.60%
International Equity Pools	15.00%	6.80%
Fixed Income Pools	13.00%	1.30%
Real Estate & Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	6.40%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	4.80%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	10.00%	7.30%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.30%
	<u>100%</u>	

*Long-term rate of return is net of administrative expenses and 2.7% inflation.

Rate of return

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Pension Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was

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projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB asset. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB asset.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

Pension					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
\$	842,128	\$	623,338	\$	441,188

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

OPEB					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
\$	10,044	\$	(9,698)	\$	19,806

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

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OPEB		
1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
\$ (26,690)	\$ (9,698)	\$ 8,712

H. Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

I. Payables to the Pension and OPEB Plan

As of June 30, 2024, the District is current on all required pension and OPEB plan payments. As of June 30, 2024, the District reported payables in the amount of \$20,393 to the pension and OPEB plan. These amounts represent current payments for June wages paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and also the contributions due funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

J. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers’ compensation) as well as medical benefits provided to employees.

The School participates in a distinct pool of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for various risks of loss, including general liability, property and casualty, employee health and accident insurance, and workers' disability compensation. The pool is considered a public entity risk pool. The School pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The School has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

K. Other Information

1. Contingencies

Under the terms of various federal and state grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required, and certain cost may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement of the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management does not believe such disallowances, if any, would be material to the financial position of the District.

NOTE 3 – UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUCEMENTS

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee’s pay rate as of the date of the

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financial statements. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of substantial impact. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements—or modifies existing requirements—related to the following:

- a. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A);
 - i. Requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five specific sections:
 - 1) Overview of the Financial Statements,
 - 2) Financial Summary,
 - 3) Detailed Analyses,
 - 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity,
 - 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions;
 - ii. Stresses detailed analyses and should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed;
 - iii. Removes the requirement for discussion of significant variations between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results;
- b. Unusual or infrequent items;
- c. Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position;
 - i. Requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and clarifies the definition of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses;
 - ii. Requires that a subtotal for *operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies* be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses and defines subsidies;

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- d. Information about major component units in basic financial statements should be presented separately in the statement of net position and statement of activities unless it reduces the readability of the statements in which case combining statements of should be presented after the fund financial statements;
- e. Budgetary comparison information should include variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final budget and actual amounts with explanations of significant variances required to be presented in the notes to RSI.

The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Local Sources	\$ 157,427	\$ 157,846	\$ 158,109	\$ 263
State Sources	367,507	398,768	400,018	1,250
Federal Sources	55,169	70,987	70,370	(617)
Total Revenues	580,103	627,601	628,497	896
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Instruction				
Basic Programs	358,978	318,863	313,610	(5,253)
Added Needs	43,400	73,901	72,413	(1,488)
Supporting Services				
Instructional Staff	30	300	246	(54)
General Administration	67,971	70,112	69,237	(875)
School Administration	13,435	13,092	12,618	(474)
Business	35,226	32,321	32,303	(18)
Operation and Maintenance	80,958	64,015	61,212	(2,803)
Pupil Transportation Services	61,734	56,787	52,927	(3,860)
Support Services - Central	2,300	2,700	2,618	(82)
Community Services	0	100	0	(100)
Total Expenditures	664,032	632,191	617,184	(15,007)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(83,929)	(4,590)	11,313	15,903
<u>FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year</u>	553,854	553,854	553,854	0
<u>FUND BALANCE - End of Year</u>	\$ 469,925	\$ 549,264	\$ 565,167	\$ 15,903

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)
JUNE 30, 2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.00192590%	0.00231357%	0.00232177%	0.00216534%	0.00200919%	0.00187379%	0.00184709%	0.00190400%	0.00188100%	0.00202000%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 623,338	\$ 870,104	\$ 549,689	\$ 743,818	\$ 665,376	\$ 563,295	\$ 478,660	\$ 474,973	\$ 459,398	\$ 444,471
District's covered payroll	172,749	213,943	227,043	197,880	168,319	164,315	152,278	161,522	156,008	174,050
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	360.83%	406.70%	242.11%	375.89%	395.31%	342.81%	314.33%	294.06%	294.47%	255.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	65.91%	60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS.
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)
JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 78,321	\$ 92,156	\$ 79,135	\$ 70,904	\$ 59,118	\$ 33,046	\$ 27,616	\$ 28,767	\$ 32,848	\$ 34,215
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *	78,321	92,156	79,135	70,904	59,118	33,046	27,616	28,767	32,848	34,215
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Covered Payroll	\$ 221,298	\$ 214,173	\$ 212,220	\$ 227,739	\$ 212,327	\$ 191,322	\$ 157,068	\$ 155,096	\$ 166,589	\$ 156,957
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	35.39%	43.03%	37.29%	31.13%	27.84%	17.27%	17.58%	18.55%	19.72%	21.80%

* Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY/ASSET
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)
JUNE 30, 2024

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of net OPEB liability/asset (%)				0.00171273%	0.00217699%	0.00247917%	0.00222338%	0.00212498%	0.00191671%	0.00184604%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability/asset			\$ (9,698)	\$ 46,110	\$ 37,842	\$ 119,112	\$ 152,526	\$ 152,358	\$ 163,476	
District's covered payroll			172,749	213,943	227,043	197,880	168,319	164,315	152,278	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll			-5.61%	21.55%	16.67%	60.19%	90.62%	92.72%	107.35%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability/asset			105.04%	83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%	

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CONTRIBUTIONS
MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)
JUNE 30, 2024

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027			
Statutorily required contributions								\$ 15,649	\$ 12,560	\$ 15,614	\$ 17,369	\$ 14,631	\$ 14,490	\$ 11,354
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *								15,649	12,560	15,614	17,369	14,631	14,490	11,354
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Covered Payroll	\$ 221,298	\$ 214,173	\$ 212,220	\$ 227,738	\$ 212,327	\$ 191,322	\$ 157,068							
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.07%	5.86%	7.36%	7.63%	6.89%	7.57%	7.23%							

* Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

EXCELSIOR DISTRICT #1
EXCELSIOR TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2023 were:

Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

OPEB Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2023 were:

Healthcare cost trend rate

- Pre 65 decreased to 7.50% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen from 7.75% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen.
- Post 65 increased to 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen from 5.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen.

Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

